

Evaluation test

A/ First exercise : Multiple Choices Questions:

Choose the **single best** answer for each question:

1. What is the primary objective sought by the Algerian legislature through the regulation of rules of evidence?
 - A. To only facilitate the work of judges.
 - B. To achieve a balance between legal truth and procedural justice.
 - C. To focus exclusively on electronic evidence.
 - D. To mandate all types of evidence for litigants.
2. What characteristic of Official Writing (الكتابة الرسمية) grants it the "supreme authority in evidence"?
 - A. The ability to be challenged by denial.
 - B. Being drafted by ordinary individuals.
 - C. It can only be challenged on the grounds of forgery.
 - D. It does not require the involvement of a competent public official.
3. According to the previous lesson, what is the maximum value for a transaction in Algerian Dinars that allows for proof by testimony in civil matters?
 - A. 10,000 Algerian Dinars.
 - B. 20,000 Algerian Dinars.
 - C. 30,000 Algerian Dinars.
 - D. There is no specified limit.
4. When did electronic writing (الكتابة الإلكترونية) gain the same legal force as writing on paper in Algerian law?
 - A. Since the early nineties.
 - B. After the amendment of the Civil Code in 2005.

- C. Before the amendment of the Civil Code.
 - D. When the transaction value exceeds 20,000 Dinars.
5. What is considered the strongest evidence against the person making it, according to lesson?
- A. Customary Writing.
 - B. Testimony.
 - C. Confession (الإقرار).
 - D. Judicial Presumptions.

B/ Second exercise : True or False Questions

Answer with **(T)** for True or **(F)** for False. If False, **correct the error**:

1. The burden of proof always lies on the denier, while the oath is on the claimant. ()

Correction (if necessary):

2. Customary writing is considered evidence against the signatory immediately upon drafting, without the need for acknowledgment or confirmation. ()

Correction (if necessary):

3. The judge is permitted to infer judicial presumptions from the facts presented to them. ()

Correction (if necessary):

4. The role of proof is limited to being a means of revealing the truth before the judiciary and is not subject to mandatory legal rules. ()

Correction (if necessary):

C/ Third exercise : A short answer questions

1. **What is the general principle governing the burden of proof?**

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2. **State two conditions (according to the lesson) that must be met for electronic writing to have the same legal force as paper writing?**

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3. **Name one means of proof considered the strongest in civil transactions, and another means of proof considered the strongest against the confessor?**

Strongest in Civil Transactions:

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Strongest Against the Confessor:

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