

Academic Writing in English

Relative pronouns

Licence 3rd year

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Realised by: Dr Omar BEHADADA

Are.....

- ▶ **who/whose/where/which/that**
- ▶ **They introduce a relative clause.**

- ▶ Saturn, *which* is encircled by rings, is much larger than the Earth.
- ▶ The college *where* he studied has been closed down.
- ▶ The teacher *who* interviewed me was a specialist in ancient music.
- ▶ Dr Yamada, *whose* lecture I attended, presented the prizes.
- ▶ He wrote about the area *that* I was interested in.

- ▶ Which relative pronouns are used for:
a) places? b) people? c) things? d) possession?

There are two kinds of relative clauses:

- ▶ a) those which **define the subject**. In this case the relative clause must be included. The college **where he studied** has been closed down.
- ▶ b) those which give **additional details**. Here the relative clause could be removed and the meaning would still be clear:
Saturn, **which is encircled by rings**, is much larger than the Earth.
- ▶ In type (b) the relative clause is surrounded by commas (,) brackets () or dashes (-).

- ▶ In defining clauses both *that* and *which* can be used with things:
- ▶ Toyota is a Japanese company *that/which* makes cars.
- ▶ But with clauses that provide **additional detail only** *which* can be used:
- ▶ Volkswagen, *which* is a German company, is a major car producer.

- ▶ In defining clauses where the relative pronoun is the object its use is optional:
- ▶ She applied to the university (*that/which*) her tutor had recommended.
- ▶ The course (*that/which*) I wanted to take was not offered this semester.
- ▶ The tutor (*who*) she wanted to meet was away for two months.
- ▶ When the relative pronoun is the subject it must be included:
- ▶ The scientists *who* discovered DNA worked in Cambridge.

Who, whom, whose

- ▶ **"Who" is a Subject Pronoun**
- ▶ "Who" is a subject pronoun like "he," "she" and "we" in the examples above. We use "who" to ask which person does an action or which person is a certain way.
- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ **Who** made the birthday cake?
 - ▶ **Who** is in the kitchen?
 - ▶ **Who** is going to do the dishes?

- ▶ **"Whom" is an Object Pronoun**
- ▶ "Whom" is an object pronoun like "him," "her" and "us." We use "whom" to ask which person receives an action.
- ▶ Examples:
- ▶ **Whom** are you going to invite?
- ▶ **Whom** did he blame for the accident?
- ▶ **Whom** did he hire to do the job?

- ▶ **"Whose" is a Possessive Pronoun**
- ▶ "Whose" is a possessive pronoun like "his," "her" and "our." We use "whose" to find out which person something belongs to.
- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ **Whose** camera is this?
 - ▶ **Whose** dog is barking outside?
 - ▶ **Whose** cell phone keeps ringing?