

The tutorial answers

Dr BENOMARA Amina married name
BENDIMERAD

Assistant Professor at the University of
TLEMCCEN

Faculty of Technology

Mechanical Engineering Department

Email:amina.benomara@univ-tlemccen.dz

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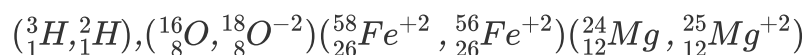
I The tutorial answers

1. Exercise 1

1. Constitution of atomic entities :

Symbol	Mass number	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
K	40	19	21	19
H	3	1	2	1
O	16	8	8	8
Fe	58	26	32	26
Mg	24	12	12	12
Se	76	34	42	34
O ²⁻	18	8	10	10
Mg ²⁺	25	12	13	10
Fe ²⁺	56	26	30	24

2. The different isotope families are :



2. Exercise 2

1. the nucleus mass of a phosphorus atom :

$$m_{\text{nucleus}} = Z.m_p + N.m_N = 15.m_P + 16.m_N$$

$$m_{\text{nucleus}} = 15.(1,673.10^{-27}) + 16.(1,675.10^{-27})$$

$$m_{\text{nucleus}} = 51,895.10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$$

2. The electron cloud mass of a phosphorus atom :

$$m = e.m_e = 15.(9,109.10^{-27})$$

$$m_{\text{electron}} = 136,635.10^{-31} \text{ Kg}$$

3. The mass of a phosphorus atom :

$$m_p = m_{\text{nucleus}} + m_{\text{electroncloud}}$$

$$m_P = 51,895.10^{-27} + 136,635.10^{-31}$$

$$m_P = 51,908.10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$$

Conclusion

the mass of the atom is therefore substantially the same as the mass of its nucleus so the mass of the electron cloud is negligible

3. Exercise 3

1. Number of electron in the Iron atom

-the mass of all the electron is $2,366 \cdot 10^{-29}$ kg and the mas of a single electron is $9.31 \cdot 10^{-31}$ Kg so :

$$\text{number of electon of the iron} = \frac{2,366 \cdot 10^{-29}}{9,31 \cdot 10^{-31}} = 26$$

Iron has 26 electrons

2. The number of positive charges carried by the nucleus of the iron atom :

Iron is a natural atom so its number of proton is equal to its number of electron, therefore iron has 26 positive charges.

3. The atomic number of the iron atom :

In an atom, the number of electrons is equal to the number of charges in the nucleus, so iron has 26 positive charges and its atomic number is $Z=26$.

4. The number of iron atoms in an iron nail of 2,5 g :

knowing that :

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ atom of iron} &\rightarrow 9,3 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ g} \\ 2,5 \text{ g} &\rightarrow X \\ X &= 2,69 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ atoms} \end{aligned}$$

So there are $2,69 \cdot 10^{22}$ atoms in an iron nail of 2.5g.

4. Exercise 4

1. Isotopes composition :

Isotope	N°1	N°2	N°3	N°4
A	54	56	57	58
N	28	30	31	32

2. Natural average mass of Fe

$$A(\text{Fe}) = 0,0584 \cdot 53,9399 + 0,9175 \cdot 55,9349 + 0,0212 \cdot 56,9350 + 0,0028 \cdot 57,9330$$

$$A(\text{Fe}_{\text{nat}}) = 55,8396 \text{ g} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$$

3. Calculation of mass defect (Δm)

$$\Delta_m = P \cdot m_p + N \cdot m_n - A$$

$$\Delta_m = 26 \cdot 1,0073 + 30 \cdot 1,0087 - 55,9349$$

$$\Delta_m = 0,5129 \text{ amu}$$